

POSSIBILITIES OF MASS MEDIA IN FORMING STUDENTS' LEGAL COMPETENCES

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Abstract. This article presents suggestions and recommendations on the use of mass media in the formation of legal competence of students.

Key words: legal culture, mass media, competence, legal awareness.

Today, the terms "competence" and "competence" are used in the field of psychological-pedagogical knowledge, economics, philology, sociology. "According to the scientific-methodical sources, competence is a very complex, multi-part, common concept for many disciplines. That is why his interpretations are different in size, content, meaning, and logic" [1]. In this regard, according to D.N. Ushakova, competence is having knowledge, skills and experience to perform a specific job [2]. According to S.S. Saveleva, Yu.V. Kosyakin, competence is the student's ability to successfully perform his tasks [3, 4]. According to N.Sh.Turdiev, Yu.M.Asadov, S.N.Akbarova, D.Sh.Temirov, "competence, the concept of competence is "efficiency", "adaptability", "achievement", "success", "comprehensibility", it is also described on the basis of concepts such as "effectiveness", "readability", "property", "characteristic", "quality", "quantity" [1]. According to Ulap, the description of the concept of "Competence", "Competence" is as follows: the practical application of the set of knowledge; personality, character and virtue; measure of aptitude for practical activities; the ability to solve complex problems, to achieve practical results; increase the knowledge, skills and qualifications that ensure the professional activity of a person; a set of training, knowledge, and experience put into practice; a person's goal-directed emotional ipod power.

Based on the above, it can be said that in modern pedagogy, there is no single scientific-theoretical interpretation of the essence, structure and content of the concepts of "competence", "competence", and also there is no difference between them. This makes it difficult for the competent approach to be effectively implemented in educational institutions, in institutions for retraining and professional development of teaching staff, including school teachers.

Therefore, it is necessary to increase attention to columns on legal topics in the national media space, to explain the issues that arise more and more among the population in the pages of periodicals, on television and radio broadcasts.

In the polls conducted in 2021, "Which means do you get more information about the news in the field of law in our country?" 46.6% of the Respondents who participated in this survey answered the question from television, 33.1% from the Internet, 7.5% from social networks, 7.3% from the "Legal Information" telegram channel, 2.8% from print media, 2.2% from the radio, and 0.6% from other sources. It can be seen that awareness of legal information through television is higher than the rest of the population.

In 2022 polls, "Which means do you get the most news in the field of law?" 53% of the respondents received information from television, 26.8% from informal Internet sources (social networks, sites, forums), 11.5% from the Internet, 2.9% from print media, 2.0% from radio, 0.8% from official internet sources (official channels, sites), and 0.4% reported that they are aware of other sources. From the above information, it can be concluded that the awareness of legal information through mass media is high among the population and is increasing year by year.

Important processes in 2020 were also taken into account in the surveys. For example, "What would you do if you witnessed a wedding ceremony with more than 30 people in your neighborhood during the pandemic?" 34.0% of the people who participated in the survey explained the danger of holding a large event during a pandemic to the wedding guests, 5.9% informed the Ministry of Internal Affairs about the wedding ceremony, and 14.6% informed the self-governing body (neighbourhood). , 18.0% said that they do not pay attention to this situation, and 26.0% said that it is difficult to answer. These indicators show that despite the negative impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the world, the people of Uzbekistan remain committed to the values of the importance of legal knowledge and skills, as well as the priority of compliance with the law.

The level of legal awareness and legal culture has a dynamic character and is characterized by a certain degree of renewal every 3-4 years. At this point, if some of the current shortcomings in this field are identified and eliminated in time, it is possible to achieve further strengthening of the rule of law in our country in a relatively short period of time.

In conclusion, it can be said that every citizen needs legal literacy not only to avoid liability, but also to protect his rights, to use additional advantages established by law, or to fulfill his obligations to society and the state. That is, not fear of the law as a motivation for acquiring legal knowledge, but finding an incentive to know it is more beneficial for the development of society and the state.

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